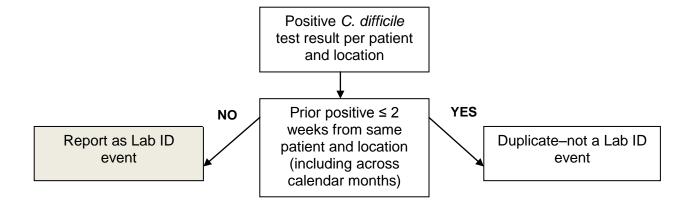
Laboratory-identified C. difficile Infection Event in Hospitals

NHSN Hospital MDRO/C. difficile protocol http://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/PDFs/pscManual/12pscMDRO_CDADcurrent.pdf

Patient name		
MR number	Date of admission	Date of previous positive <i>C. difficile</i> test result
Date of review	Date of event	(date of specimen collection)
C. difficile infection	a laboratory-identified event (C	DI LabID)
□ Stool specimen to	be tested conforms to the collect	cion container
AND		
\Box A positive <i>C. diffi</i>	icile test result is obtained by at le	east one of the following laboratory methods
o dete	ction of <i>C. difficile</i> toxin A or B	by enzyme immunoassay (EIA)
o dete	ction of a toxin-producing C. diff	ficile organism by stool culture or by other laboratory means (e.g., nucleic acid amplification by PCR)
AND	-	
\Box Any previous <i>C.</i> α	difficile positive test result was ob-	otained >14 days prior to the current test result
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Laboratory-identified MDRO Event in Hospitals

NHSN Hospital MDRO/C. difficile protocol http://www.cdc.gov/nhsn/PDFs/pscManual/12pscMDRO CDADcurrent.pdf

Patient name			
MR number	Date of admission	Date of previous MDRO culture result	
Date of review	Date of event	(date of specimen collection)	

MDRO laboratory-identified event (MDRO LabID)

- □ Specimen is collected for clinical assessment purposes (not active surveillance testing) **AND**
- ☐ One of the following definitions of a unique laboratory event is met
 - o MDRO isolate is the first one obtained in the calendar month from any specimen source (e.g., urine, wound, sputum, blood), per patient and location, (if source is blood, a prior positive blood culture with the same MDRO must not occur ≤14 days before the current blood culture, even if in different calendar months)
 - MDRO isolate the first isolate, per patient and location, obtained from a blood source in the calendar month (with no prior positive blood culture with the same MDRO ≤14 days before the current blood culture). A prior MDRO may or may not have been obtained from another source (e.g., urine, wound, sputum)

